High Voltage OpAmp PR2201 / PR2202

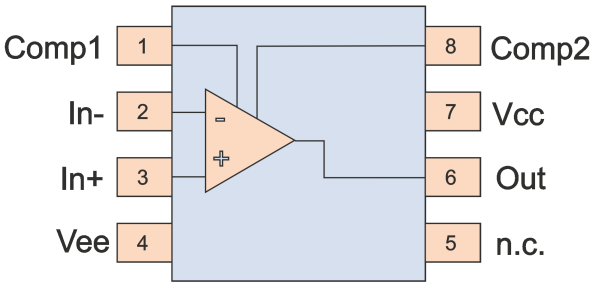
High Voltage Operational Amplifiers PR2201 and PR2202

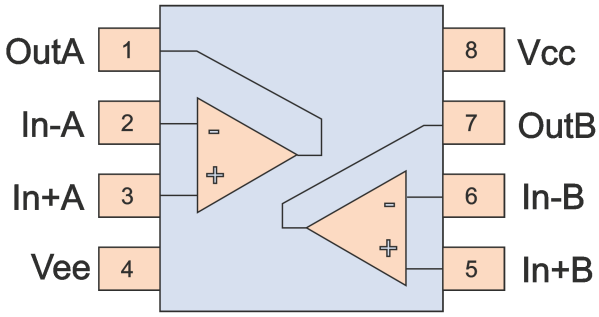
PR2201 is a monolithic high-voltage operational amplifier with JFET input stage and NPN/PNP output stage. The wide common mode input range and the large differential input voltage range allow to measure large signals close to the supply lines. A low quiescent current keeps the heat dissipation low. PR2202 is a dual operational amplifier based on PR2201.

FEATURES

- Supply voltage up to 80 V or ±40 V
- Wide common mode input range
- Near rail-to-rail output
- JFET input stage with very low input bias current
- Output current up to 6 mA
- Gain bandwidth product >1 Mhz
- Low quiescent current
- Overtemperature shutdown
- Offset compensation by external trimming (only PR2201)

PIN DESCRIPTIONS





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Min	Max	Units
V_{CC} -V_{EE} (not permanent)	-0.3	90	[V]
In+, In-	Vee	Vcc	[V]
Storage Temperature Range	-55	150	[°C]
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection	1		[kV]

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Properties

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 80$ V, $T_A = 25°C$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage V_{CC} - V_{EE}					80	[V]
Quiescent current	PR2201 PR2202	$V_{OUT} = (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) / 2$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ per channel		500	700	[µA]
Common mode input voltage			V_{EE} + 1.5 V		V_{CC} - 2.0 V	
Differential mode input voltage		V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}	-60		+60	[V]
Output voltage			V_{EE} + 1.0 V		V_{CC} - 1.0 V	
Output current		$V_{OUT} = V_{EE}$ + 2 V ... V_{CC} - 2 V	5	6		[mA]
Input bias current				±5	±100	[pA]
Common mode rejection ratio			90	120		[dB]
Supply voltage rejection ratio			85	110		[dB]
Input offset				±2	±10	[mV]
Slew rate low => high		R_L = 500 Ohm; G = 1		0.8		[V/µs]
Slew rate high => low		R_L = 500 Ohm; G = 1		1.2		[V/µs]
Gain bandwidth product		R_L = 10 kOhm		1.0		[MHz]
Open loop gain				n/a		[dB]
Junction temperature			-20		125	[°C]
Overtemperature shutdown			140			[°C]
Thermal resistance Θ_{JA}		SOIC 8L package; still air, free convection		160		[°C/W]

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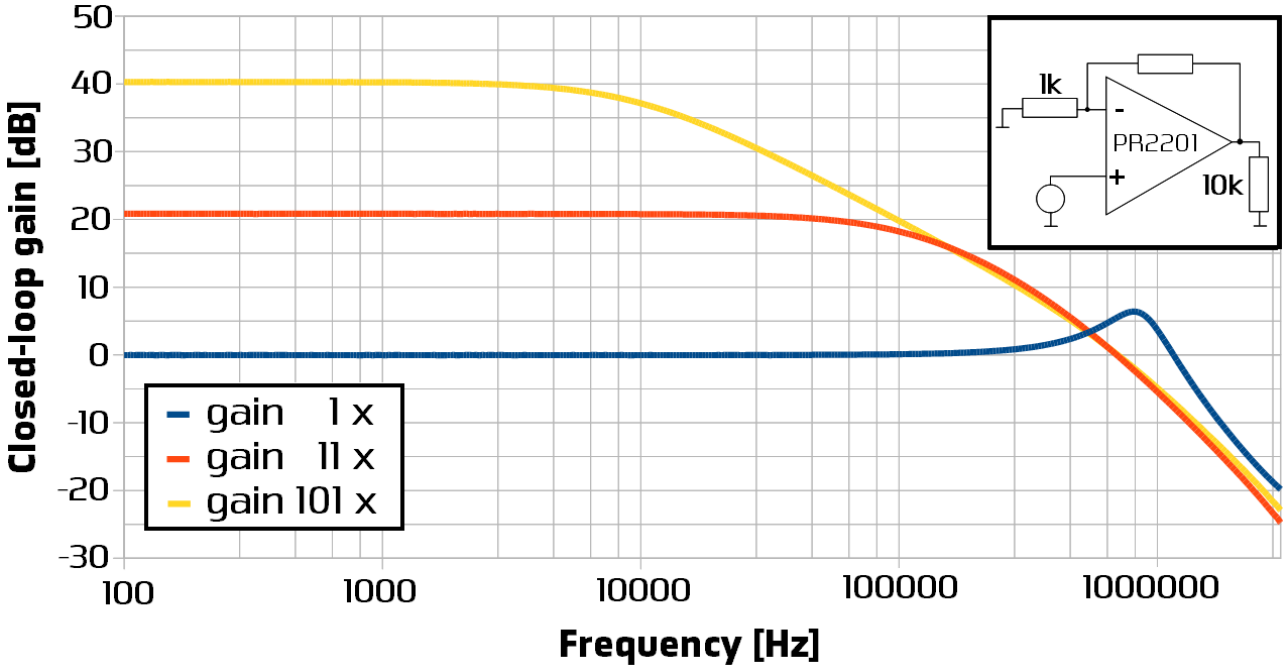
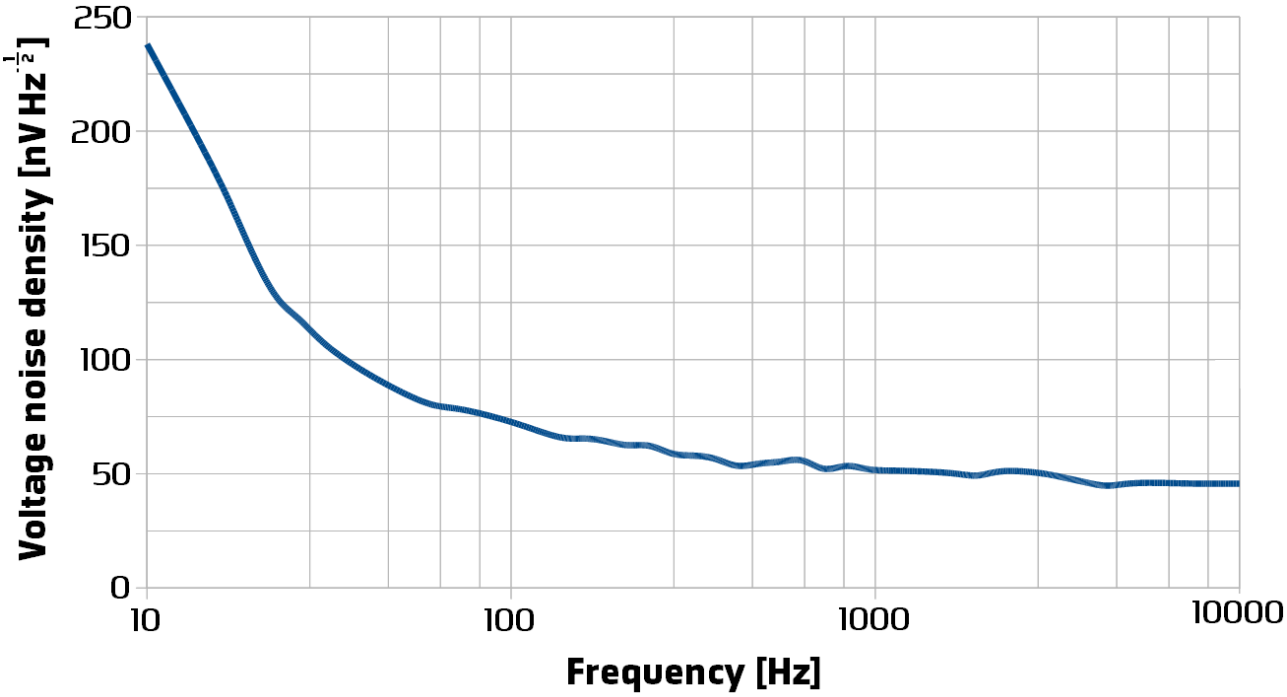
Characteristics





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Application Notes

FREQUENCY DEPENDENCE

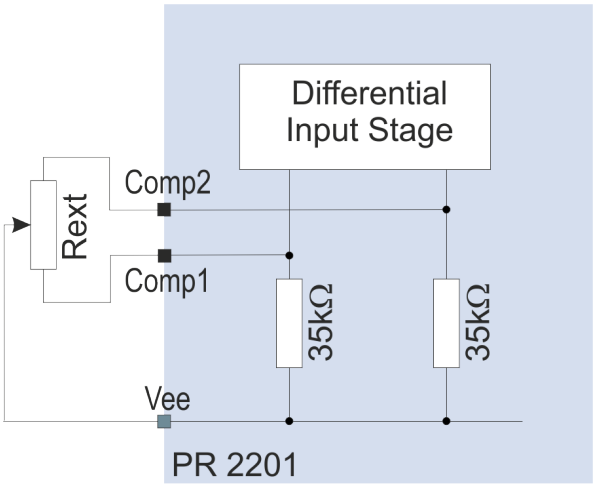
At very high slew rates, especially at the supply voltage, but also at all other pins, integrated circuits can latch, leading to a high current flow and usually fast destruction of the IC and its environment.
Although during IC design precautions were taken to suppress latch-up, this can become critical for high-voltage ICs, especially at voltages above 60 V. The slew rate of the supply voltage should limited e.g. by means of an RC-combination.
All other signals should be blocked by capacitors to avoid sharp transients.

Safety note: Latching circuits can draw very high currents. To avoid consequential damage of the power supply and the danger of fire in case of a failure, it is necessary to limit the current by resistors, active current limiting circuits, or fuses.

Differential voltages in excess to the specified value can damage the input stage.
Note that in a feedback circuit, if at input signals with high slew rates the output cannot follow the input, transients with high differential voltages may occur. This can happen e.g. if the input signal is connected over a bouncing mechanical contact.
If such situations cannot be avoided, the input differential voltage must be limited by an external protection circuit, e.g. fast Zener diodes.

OFFSET COMPENSATION (PR2201)

Pins Comp1 and Comp2 allow to compensate the input offset of the amplifier by means of an external potentiometer or two trimmable resistors.



OVERTEMPERATURE PROTECTION

To avoid overheating of the operational amplifiers, there is a built-in overtemperature protection. If this is activated, the output will go to a high-resistance state.
The design of your circuit must consider this situation. E.g. a feedback loop would be opened if the opamp shuts down, which in certain situations may lead to an excess differential input voltage.
The opamp switches on again when the temperature has dropped. This usually leads to intermittent operation until the overload condition is resolved.
Generally, the overtemperature shutdown should be avoided by means of proper thermal design and avoiding overload situations.

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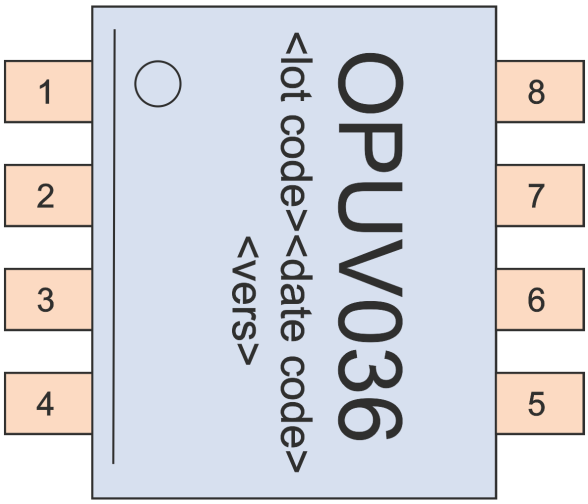
Available Package

DESIGNATION



Marking:
<vers>: PREMA internal version identifier
<lot code>: PREMA internal lot code
<date code>: date of production (year, week)

PACKAGE

8L SOIC (150 mils)

PR2202 SOIC package in plastic tube or tape and reel

Packing unit: 100 ICs per tube or 3500 ICs per reel

ALL PART DELIVERED, COMPLY WITH RoHS. FINISH IS PURE TIN

Pb-free

pure tin

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